

MAKE PACIFIC UNFORTIFIED PLEA MADE BY MOCHIZUKI

Head of Japanese Parliamentary Mission Proposes Concert To Prevent Fortification of Pacific Ocean Lands

TWO COUNTRIES ARE NOT IN ANY WAY OPPOSED

Commissioner Asks Why Spend Millions and Cites Border Between United States and Canada As Example of Plan

PORTLAND, November 22.—(Associated Press).—Proposals for a Pacific concert between the United States and Japan to the end that there shall be no fortifications in the Pacific Ocean were made by Commissioner Mochizuki, head of Japanese parliamentary mission, in a speech which he delivered here last night. His suggestions came with a startling suddenness and his hearers hardly knew how to take them, some putting their trust in his assurances while others still felt a lingering doubt of the Japanese not fully dispelled by the achievements of Viscount Ishii and his mission.

HEARERS STARTLED

The commissioner's utterances last evening were the most surprising of the many surprises which the Japanese Commissioner have given to the people of the United States and have answered one of his purposes at least, have made the people think.

A guarantee that the Pacific Ocean shall forever be free from fortifications is the suggestion made last night and in support of the proposal an earnest plea and strong arguments were advanced by Commissioner Mochizuki. In part he said:

WHY SPEND MILLIONS

"We of Japan are faced by the necessity of retaining Marshall Islands and the other islands which we have taken from Germany."

"You of the United States have Guam and the Philippines."

"Why should our two nations spend millions each in the fortifying of these possessions? Why should we race to see which nation can build fastest and construct the most and the longest line of floating fortresses?"

BANISH DISTRUST

"Let us banish the distrust of the past for which there has been no real cause and come to an agreement that the possessions of the two nations need not be and shall not be fortified against each other."

"Why not have an understanding like the one between the United States and Canada where you have no forts along your borders and no war craft in your Great Lakes?"

"I can see no reason, can you? The United States are not in conflict either geographically, commercially or politically. We can well be friends and show our trust in the friendship of one another. It would save millions to us both. It is a step in the way of international disarmament and the peace of the world as well."

EXTEND REGULATIONS TO GET AMERICANS

COPENHAGEN, November 21.—(Associated Press).—Regulations by the German government, calling for the report on all properties in Germany belonging to enemy citizens, have been extended to Americans. Property of such a nature will be used as the basis for financial reprisals.

MINISTER IS PRESENTED

TOKIO, Nov. 21.—(Special to Nippon Jiji).—J. Zenohi, newly appointed minister from Rumania to Japan, who arrived here a few days ago, was formally presented to the emperor yesterday afternoon.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER GOES DOWN IN HEAVY STORM

Wireless Received in Honolulu Tells of Disaster and Asks That Watch Shall Be Kept For Boat Possibly Heading This Way: Fifteen Are Saved in Ship's Boat Picked Up

Messages sent to Honolulu from some point at sea were received last night telling of the foundering of a Norwegian steamer and the rescue of a part of the crew. The message said there might be another ship's boat afloat and making for Honolulu and asked that a lookout be kept for it. The message says:

The Norwegian steamer Thor foundered in a storm, its position being latitude 34 North, longitude 161 West.

One boat with fifteen of the crew was picked up this morning in Latitude 31 North Longitude 160 West. One more boat may yet be floating and steering a course toward Honolulu. Please take all precautions for saving her.

The captain, two mates, steward and purser were in the boat which was picked up by us.

Hawaii Is Criticised For Lack of Middle Class Owners of Homes

LIBRE, November 21.—(Special to The Advertiser).—At a meeting held in the armory today Representative Platt of New York urged that the undivided patriotism of the people and of all of the people be shown in every way that may be asked in the conduct of the war.

Proposed changes in the home-owning law received another severe setback at the hands of Senator Myers of Montana who spoke forcibly on the subject and the absence in Hawaii of land owners and home builders of the middle class.

Compares With Russia

"You must have a lack of such residents in the Territory of Hawaii," said Senator Myers, "just as there is a similar lack in Russia and Mexico. That lack in those countries has produced present conditions of revolution, strife and anarchy. If you want to be an integral part of the American Union and take your proper place in the honor roll of our great and splendid commonwealth you must get that middle class and get

them to be land owners and home-builders."

No Change in Law

Senator Myers added that he favors laws that will get the greatest possible number of home-owners in the shortest possible time and does not favor a government landholding which he characterizes as an American, unpatriotic and more like a monarchy than a republic.

Until the legislature shall memorialize congress he said, there will be no change in the present laws as contained in the Organic Act.

The Governor "roasted" the rival financial interests of Kauai for not getting together and said that his administration was ready to enforce the law while at the same time attempting to meet the financial responsibility of the Territory.

E. H. W. Broadbent, manager of the Groves Farm Plantation urged the government to conserve the water supply as carefully as it sought to conserve the land.

FIRST AMERICANS LEAVE PETROGRAD

Return Home By Way of Siberia: Radicals Offer All Peoples Immediate Armistice

WASHINGTON, November 22.—(Associated Press).—Consular despatches say that the disorders which have been occurring in Odessa for the past several days have finally been checked.

Americans are leaving Petrograd for home. The first party, eighteen in number, have departed from the Russian capital, leaving in a special car and they will proceed by way of Siberia and thence across the Pacific. Whether they are women and children, leaving as advised by Ambassador Francis the despatch did not state.

In Petrograd the political situation is little changed. The Maximilists and Bolsheviks are in control. Despatches say that a political committee has been formed which says: "The Workers, Sailors and Soldiers' council has assumed the power and the obligation to offer to all of the peoples engaged in the terrible war an armistice to take effect immediately on all fronts and during which terms of peace can be arranged."

The Swedish press carries news that Kaladine's army of Cossacks is now proceeding to Moscow, but this news is not confirmed.

General Brusiloff former Russian commander, has been wounded in the leg by a shell which hit his house in Moscow during fighting there.

ENEMY ALIENS MUST LEAVE WASHINGTON

Drastic Regulations Against Unnaturalized Germans

WASHINGTON, November 21.—(Associated Press).—Today is the last day upon which Germans not finally naturalized and who came to the United States since war was declared, may stay in Washington. After midnight tonight all such Germans will be interned.

Drastic regulations of enemy aliens in the United States and a plan for a nation-wide guard against war-plotters and German mischief-makers are revealed in orders today from Attorney General Gregory relating to the conduct of the aliens.

The orders allow private guards at docks and piers and bar aliens from access to them. United States marshals are supervising the removal of the enemy aliens from the "zones" from which they are barred.

Army commanders have been relieved of the duty of assigning troops to guard industrial works and railroads. The department of war has a general plan to cooperate with the State system of internal control, so that the fighting forces of the United States will not be drained. Preparations are being made to organize a special force of federal police and semi-military troops made up of exempted draft men, old soldiers and others.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN

It may be impossible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is not beyond anyone's purse, and with a bottle of this liniment you are prepared for most anything. For sale by all dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd. Agents for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

IRISH DELEGATES STILL FAR APART

Plans For Self Government For Erin Continue Halted In Making: Report Awaited

COPENHAGEN, November 21.—(Associated Press).—There is much speculation in Dublin as to the meetings of the Grand Committee of the Irish Convention which are taking place in Trinity College. It is expected that the committee soon will report to the convention, and by then it should be possible to form a pretty definite guess as to whether the convention can accomplish the work entrusted to it.

The convention having debated at large, with a very free interchange of views, the various aspects of the Irish question, directed its Grand Committee to attempt to evolve a plan or plans for submission to the general body. If the committee can do that, the difficult task will have been surmounted and an agreed result seem certain.

The committee is really a smaller edition of the convention, containing representatives of all the parties and including its best minds and most experienced men. Whatever it agrees to recommend is likely of adoption by the convention. Several references have been made in public speeches by members of the convention to its work. They have come from Ulster men, Southern Unionists and Nationalists, government nominees and county councillors. They have all been sanguine in tone.

The Unionist Press in Belfast which is known to be in touch with many leading members of the convention continues quite irreconcilable and rumor in Dublin, which privately discusses the speeches at the convention as freely as if they had appeared in the newspapers, furnishes no suggestion that the Ulster men have as yet agreed to a plan of settlement.

Unlike the Nationalists, the Ulster delegates are bound to consult their organization outside and a meeting has been held between the delegates and the Advisory Committee appointed by the Ulster Unionist Council at which a full discussion of the situation took place. During his recent visit to London Sir Horace Plunkett saw the Prime Minister and it is supposed informed him of the prospects of the convention. Sir Horace remains very hopeful of a successful result.

El Paso Will Be Host On Thanksgiving Eve

EL PASO, TEXAS, November 12.—(Associated Press).—Every soldier in the El Paso district will have an invitation to be the guest of an El Paso organization on Thanksgiving night if the plans of the soldiers' welfare and recreation committee work out. All of the women's organizations in the city have agreed to have a special entertainment and "open house" on that night for the troops of this district. There are 15,000 of them. A number of elaborate musical and literary programs are being planned. The soldiers will be sent written invitations and will be guests of honor of the clubs on that night.

RUSSIAN SUGAR SEIZED

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—(Associated Press).—Ten thousand tons of sugar stored here for the Russian government has been seized by the American food administrator and will be placed on the local market immediately.

HUN SUBMARINES CAUSE MORE SHIPPING LOSSES

Report For Week Is Less Favorable Than A Week Ago But May Be Spasmodic Effort To Recover Ground Then Lost

LONDON, November 22.—(Associated Press).—Heavier toll was taken last week by the Huns in their campaign of submarine ruthlessness. While the hopes of last week that the campaign was at an end or near its end were dampened the losses did not begin to approach those of early days of last summer and of the late spring and are well below the average of the campaign. Naval observers said it might be a spasmodic effort and the results have followed added force put forward after the failures of the previous week.

Report of the losses of the week ending November 17 issued by the British Admiralty says that there were lost vessels of over 1000 tons lost in the submarine warfare and seven smaller. The report further says that on November 18, in the Mediterranean, a British patrol boat was sunk by a submarine with a loss of four officers and five men.

Italian losses for the week were one large vessel sunk and one damaged, a torpedo boat kept afloat and towed into port.

British losses from the campaign of ruthlessness since February 19 have been as follows:

Week Ending	Over 1000 Tons	Under 1000 Tons	By
Feb. 26	15	4	19
Mar. 4	14	9	23
Mar. 11	13	4	17
Mar. 18	16	8	24
Mar. 25	18	7	25
Apr. 1	18	13	31
Apr. 8	17	2	19
Apr. 15	19	9	28
Apr. 22	40	15	55
Apr. 29	38	13	51
May 6	24	22	46
May 13	18	5	23
May 20	18	9	27
May 27	18	1	19
June 3	15	3	18
June 10	10	2	12
June 17	27	5	32
June 24	21	7	28
June 30	15	5	20
July 7	14	3	17
July 14	14	4	18
July 21	21	3	24
July 28	18	3	21
Aug. 4	19	2	21
Aug. 11	13	7	20
Aug. 18	15	3	18
Aug. 25	18	5	23
Sept. 1	20	3	23
Sept. 8	12	6	18
Sept. 15	8	20	28
Sept. 22	13	2	15
Sept. 29	11	2	13
Oct. 6	14	2	16
Oct. 13	12	7	19
Oct. 20	17	2	19
Oct. 27	14	4	18
Nov. 3	8	4	12
Nov. 10	1	5	6

KINAU WILL MAKE TWO TRIPS WEEKLY

Service Between Garden Island and Honolulu Will Be Increased Immediately

The Inter-Island steamer Kinau will make two trips a week instead of one, beginning next Monday, November 26. A new semi-weekly sailing schedule has been prepared by the Inter-Island of freights, by which the Kinau will be run after she arrives from Kauai. Under the new schedule the vessel is expected to leave here on Mondays and Wednesdays for Kauai, whereas under the old schedule she has been making only one trip to the Garden Island each week, leaving here on Tuesdays and returning on Sundays.

Beginning on Monday the Kinau will leave with mail, passengers and freight at five o'clock in the evening, arriving at Nawiiliwi the following morning. She will spend the whole day discharging and taking mail, freight and passengers at Nawiiliwi, Koloa and Ahukini. She will leave Nawiiliwi on the same evening for this port, arriving here the next morning, thus completing the first trip.

The following day, Thursday, she will load here and begin her second trip, leaving here for Port Allen at the same hour as on the first trip. On arriving there Thursday morning she will land mail, freight and passengers at Port Allen and Nawiiliwi, and discharging freight at each of the other ports as she makes each call. On Friday she will load sugar at Waimea, and at four o'clock that afternoon she will leave Port Allen for Port Allen, again leaving Port Allen at five o'clock, returning here the next morning, Saturday.

It has been found necessary for the new change to be made, not only for the benefit of the passengers but for the carrying of the Island products as well.

PROPERTY OF FORMER CZAR IS ATTACHED

NEW YORK, November 21.—(Associated Press).—The New York property of Nicholas Romanoff, ex-Czar of Russia, was attached yesterday, resulting from a suit by a marine transportation service corporation for \$280,000. The suit is based on alleged breach of contract by the emperor, constituting the Russian government.

TWENTY-ONE DIE AS DESTROYER GOES TO BOTTOM

Three United States Naval Officers and Eighteen Men Go Down With Chauncey Following Collision in War Zone

WASHINGTON, November 22.—(Associated Press).—As the result of a collision on Monday, three United States Naval officers went to the bottom with the United States torpedo boat destroyer, are the advice received last evening from Admiral Sims. The collision occurred in the war zone, he said in his cablegram to the navy department.

Lieutenant Commander Walter Reno, Lieutenant Charles Wedderburn, Ensign Harry Skinner and eighteen enlisted men were lost, the bulletin of the navy department announced at the same time reporting publicly the cablegram of Admiral Sims.

With what vessel the torpedo boat destroyer collided, whether it was another ship of the United States navy or not, whether any were saved, the little fighting craft the bulletin does not say. It merely announced the disaster, the casualties and the occurrence in the war zone. Later details are expected today, the bulletin said.

JURY IS SECURED TO TRY RODIEK AND OTHER DEFENDANTS

SAN FRANCISCO, November 22.—(Associated Press).—Only two days were required to secure a jury to try the thirty-seven alleged conspirators to violate the neutrality of the United States by fomenting a revolution in India and among whom are included George Rodiek and H. A. Schroeder of Honolulu.

While the examination of jurors went slowly during the morning session of the court it was speeded up in the afternoon and rapid progress was made. It was a surprising incident that so few challenges were exercised after the noon recess and so few talesmen excluded.

This morning the prosecution will open its case and United States Attorney Preston will present his case to the jury and announce what it will be the purpose of the prosecution to prove.

If the case proceeds on as rapidly as did the work of securing a jury it may be ended in weeks instead of months.

GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER MORE VESSELS

Sonoma and Ventura Are Two of Them, Is Report

Three more vessels are to be taken over by the government, according to advices from the mainland recently. The Sonoma and Ventura, of the Ocean Line, have been named as two of them, and are expected to be taken over on their arrival at San Francisco. According to the report, these vessels will be taken over by the San Francisco Sydney run and possibly placed in the Atlantic, although it is said that the former will resume the present run temporarily.

All of the American liners, it is reported, are to be taken from the Pacific for active service on the Atlantic Ocean, and in place of them, nine steamers from the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line will be used to ply between Seattle and the Orient.

As the Japanese have agreed to guard the Pacific, all freight to be carried to and from American Pacific ports will be handled by the Japanese in the near future.

INTER-ISLAND WILL HELP BUILD WHARF

The Inter-Island Steamship Company is still considering the letter of the board of harbor commissioners in which the shipping company was asked if it would enter into an agreement with the board to use the proposed new wharf at Hilo. The board did not desire to proceed with its plans under appropriations authorized by the last legislature unless some agreement was concluded.

It is reported that the Inter-Island directors favor the use of this wharf providing the proposed pier has a wharf shed erected over it. Superintendent of Public Works Hobby, who is also chairman of the harbor board, is authority for the statement that the wharf shed will be built. From Hilo comes a report that the company so favors the plan that it is willing to purchase \$50,000 worth of territorial bonds, as the money for building the wharf comes out of bond issue moneys.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

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HUN LINE CUT AND SHATTERED BY BRITISH ARMY

Forces of Von Hindenburg Shattered and French Also Strike Telling Blow

DEFEAT IS COMPLETE

WASHINGTON, November 22.—(Associated Press).—In the Cambrai sector of the Western Front the most telling and effective blow yet directed against the Teutons was delivered yesterday by the British forces of General Haig and under the command of Lieut.-Gen. Julian Byng. Von Hindenburg's line was smashed and broken along a thirty-two-mile front and penetrated to a depth of more than five miles. At nightfall the triumphant advance still continued. General Pershing was present to witness the victory.

FRENCH ALSO STRIKE BLOW

While the British were striking this deadly blow the French opened a strong attack north of the Aisne taking strong defenses and making prisoners of 175 in a gain of a quarter of a mile.

On the Italian front, the situation was unchanged, according to German reports while in Palestine the British have advanced to within five miles of Jerusalem and the fall of the city is imminent.

Last night the British cavalry were at Bourlon Wood, just west of Cambrai, and the British advanced lines were within four miles of Cambrai in some places and less than five in others. A further "strategic retirement" by von Hindenburg appeared inevitable.

ATTACK RESEMBLES SURPRISE

In the face of a cold and driving rain storm the British advance was made. While the preparations had been made by the artillery fire of past days when the actual drive commenced there was no indication of its coming in a quickening of drum fire or intensifying of the barrage. Instead of the customary cover curtain of artillery the attack was of a "steam roller" type and the much dreaded British tanks and the infantry drove forward together, an irresistible and uncheckable element that drove terror into the hearts of the Huns.

ADVANCE NEARS CAMBRAI

Through mud and rain the advance continued steadily. The first line of defenses fell and then the second and then a third. Still onward the Britons pressed as the day advanced and in the afternoon they had behind them the captured points of Masnierre and Marcoing, directly south and within five miles of Cambrai, Havrincourt, Flesquieres and Graincourt, the drive having been made upon Cambrai from the south and west.

Before this onslaught the Huns were falling back in disorder last night broken and shattered. Trenches they had held were filled with their dead and wounded. Thousands had surrendered. Yesterday afternoon in the house of commons it was announced that last reports from the front at noon told of eight thousand prisoners having been brought in and others going to the rear in a continuous stream. At dusk the Huns were trying to hold their last line of defense before Cambrai and this had been cut at several points.

ATTACK IS IRRESISTIBLE

Over wire entanglements, over trenches, went the British tanks and with them went infantry and cavalry. The artillery showered shells far ahead of them but not in an intense barrage. On reaching the second defenses the resistance was less pronounced than at the first, for the fleeing Boches had carried word of the disaster that was overtaking them and the morale was breaking. Taking the second defenses the advance continued steadily onward, capturing minor positions here and there, clearing out dugouts of occupants, but ever moving forward. The whole line west of the Canal du Nord and the Baupenne-Cambrai road had been captured and the advance proceeded on still further.

The morning attack had resulted in the capture of Ben Avis, Leman Wood and Ribecourt. The afternoon drive resulted in the taking of the other positions which the Huns had so fortified they believed them to be impregnable.

BERLIN ADMITS DISASTER

In admitting the disaster on the West front the Berlin official report said that the German rear lines had finally succeeded in checking the British advance, but that the latter were still using powerful forces in all of Camra sector. The same official report told of a attack by the French in the Aisne sector and declared that on the Italian front the positions of the opposing forces were unchanged, although heavy fighting had continued throughout the day.

FRENCH ADVANCE VALIANTLY

Of this attack the French official report said that attacks in force by the French in a driving storm had carried them 400 yards forward in a brilliant dash and that important positions had been taken north of Craonne and Berry Aubac. This gain was along a front six miles in length.

Washington officials consider that the drive made by General Haig's army yesterday is the greatest blow that has been delivered to Germany yet in the whole course of the war. It is surmised that the Germans on the West front must be short of ammunition and supplies taken from them to supply the Austro-German forces on the Italian front.

BRITISH NEAR JERUSALEM

LONDON, November 21.—(Associated Press).—The British armies in Palestine are maintaining their steady progress toward Jerusalem, routing the Turks in all engagements. They are now only five miles from the Holy City.

A thousand Germans have been captured by the British in East Africa.

OFFER TO SPARE VENICE

PARIS, November 21.—(Associated Press).—The daily Matin carries a despatch that the Austrians have agreed to spare Venice on the appeal of the Vatican. If taken it will be placed under the protection of a patriarch. The only condition is it must be understood in event of an Italian retreat.